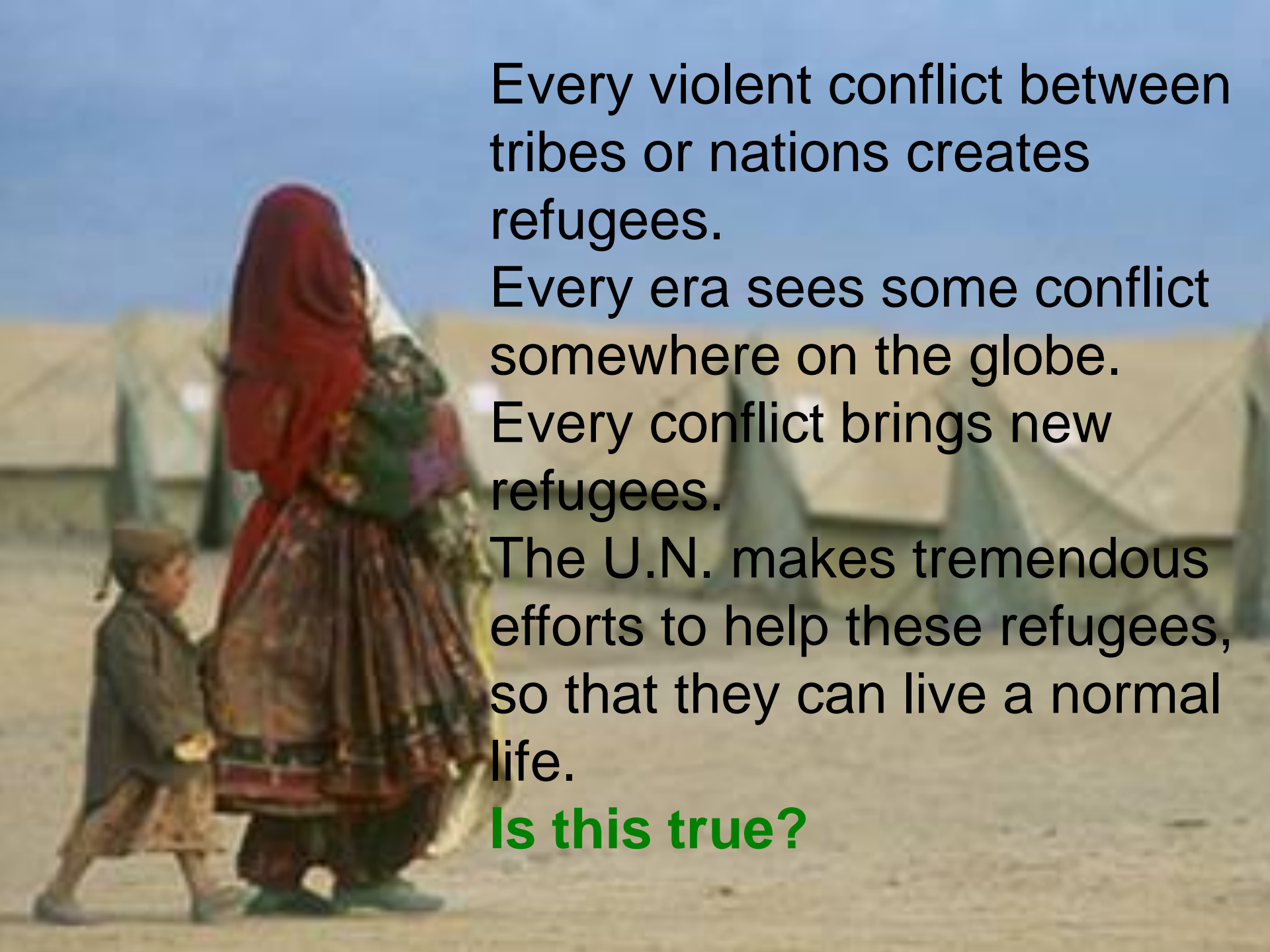


**Test your level of sensitivity  
to justice**

A photograph of a woman in a red headscarf carrying a child on her back, walking with another child in a refugee camp. The woman is wearing a patterned dress and is walking towards the right. The child on her back is wearing a green and purple patterned shirt. The child walking alongside her is wearing a grey jacket and brown pants. They are walking on a dirt path in a camp with several tents in the background.

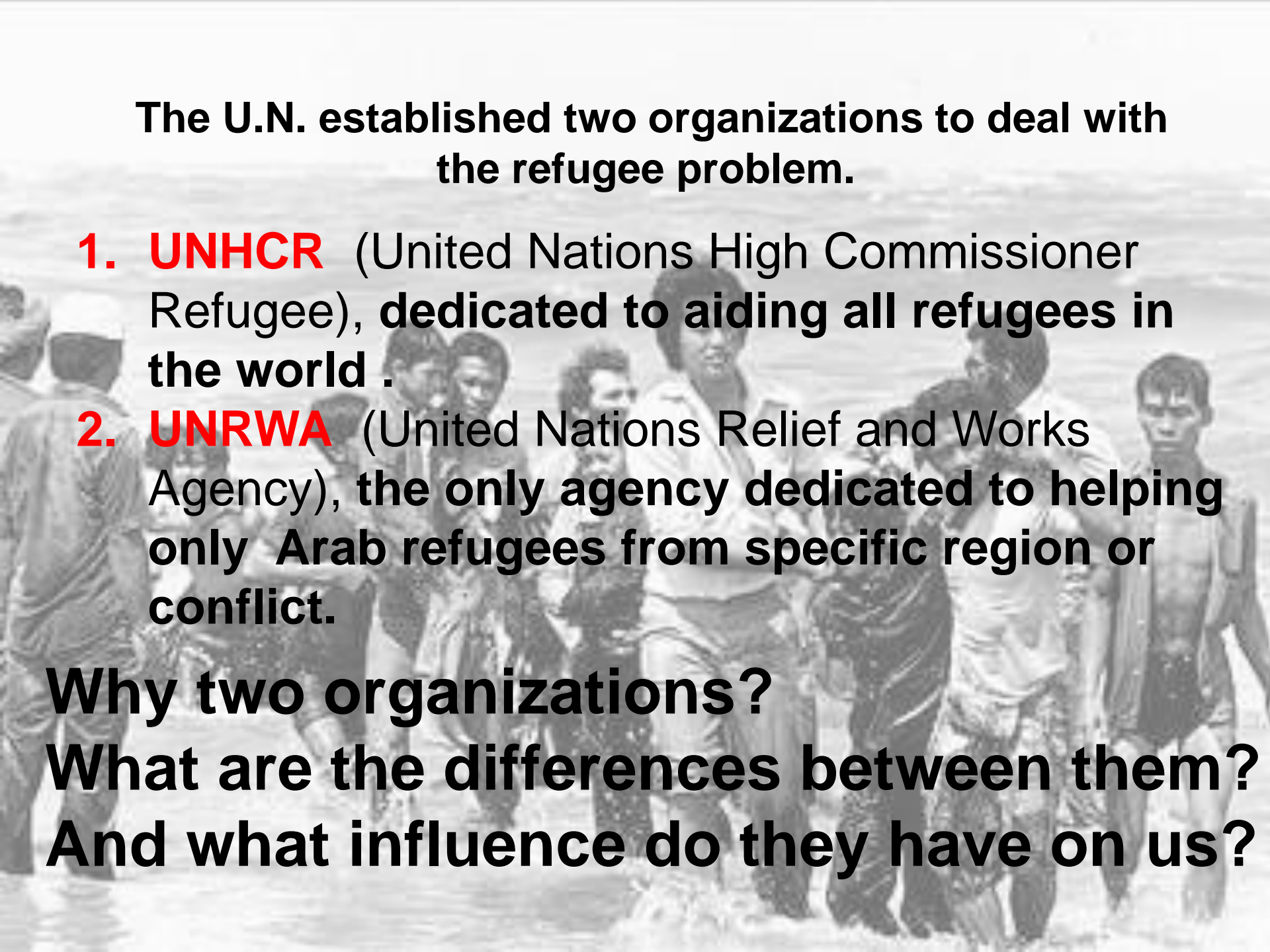
Every violent conflict between tribes or nations creates refugees.

Every era sees some conflict somewhere on the globe.

Every conflict brings new refugees.

The U.N. makes tremendous efforts to help these refugees, so that they can live a normal life.

**Is this true?**



The U.N. established two organizations to deal with the refugee problem.

- 1. UNHCR** (United Nations High Commissioner Refugee), dedicated to aiding all refugees in the world .
- 2. UNRWA** (United Nations Relief and Works Agency), the only agency dedicated to helping only Arab refugees from specific region or conflict.

**Why two organizations?**

**What are the differences between them?**

**And what influence do they have on us?**

Two organizations, two definitions of who is a refugee, and who can be granted a refugee document and receive UN support.

**UNHCR definition is:**

"Any person who has been forced to abandon his permanent home in his natural habitat since **time immemorial** And there is a real danger to his life, will be considered a refugee".

**UNRWA definition is:**

"Every Arab who left Palestine - the Land of Israel in 1948, and who had lived there previously for **two years**, will be considered a refugee, he and his **descendants**".

(Until 1948, only the Jews who lived in Palestine-the Land of Israel, were known as Palestinians.)

# Number of Refugees taken care of by each organization.

**UNRWA** – The number of Palestinian refugees grew from **300,000** – **400,000** in 1948 to **711,000** in 1950. ( many poor people from nearby regions joined the refugee camps and “won” refugee status in order to get assistance) and has grown to reach **5 million** in 2008.

**UNHCR** – As of 1 January 2007, UNHCR reported a total of **21 million** individuals falling its mandate.

**7 979 251** in Asia, of which  
**2 580 638** in the Middle-East  
**2 974 315** in South-East Asia  
**218 584** in Central Asia  
**1 304 189** in South Asia  
**901 525** in East Asia and the Pacific  
**4 740 392** in Europe, of which  
**1 617 214** in Eastern Europe  
**708 132** in South-East Europe  
**616 132** in Central Europe and in the Baltic states  
**1 798 914** in Western Europe  
**5 069 123** in Africa, of which  
**1 359 175** in Central Africa and the Great Lakes region  
**2 105 314** in Eastern Africa  
**1 031 030** in Western Africa  
**434 427** in the Southern African region **139 177** in North Africa  
**3 229 822** in America, of which  
**717 545** in North America and in the Caribbean

## What are the goals of these organizations?

**UNRWA** – Its main goal is to educate and to execute the "Right of Return" to Palestine - the Land of Israel. In order to achieve this goal, all means are valid. To preserve the refugees' refugee status even though some of them receive citizenship in other countries.

UNRWA works as an autonomous authority, to preserve its main programs, as they have been for over 3 decades: [education](#), health, relief and social services, and microfinance and micro-enterprise.

**UNHCR** – Its primary purpose is to safeguard the rights and well-being of refugees.

It strives to ensure that everyone can exercise the right to seek [asylum](#) and find safe refuge in another State, with the option to return home voluntarily, integrate locally or to resettle in a third country.

UNHCR provides basic material help and passes to the shelter countries all the other needs of the refugee.

**The budget of each organization and the size of their staff.**

**UNRWA** - is the largest United Nations agency, employing over 28,000 staff, 99% of whom are locally recruited Palestinians. To meet the Agency's goals, the recurrent activities of UNRWA for the 2008 – 2009 period have been budgeted at \$1.09 billion.

**The ratio of UNRWA staff to refugees is 1 staff member to 164 refugees.**

**UNHCR** - employs a staff of approximately 6,300 people in more than 110 countries. A total of more than \$1.5 billion was estimated for 2008 for projected needs.

**The ratio of UNHCR staff to refugees is 1 staff member to 2,803 refugees.**

# How long can a person be considered a refugee?

**UNRWA** – creates total dependence on its support system for the refugees and their descendants, with no limit of time.


It prevents rehabilitation resolutions in many cases.

**UNHCR** – within a period of a few months, and no more than one year, all the refugees acclimatize to their new home and begin to build their new lives. UNHCR considers "Family planning" as a very important issue for adapting to their new countries.



**And I ask myself:**

**What would have happened if  
UNHCR took care of the  
Palestinian refugees?**

A photograph of a woman wearing a red headscarf and a patterned dress, walking with a young child in a refugee camp. The background shows several tents under a clear blue sky.

**1.** Following UNHCR definition of a "refugee", the number of people who would , be eligible to receive the status of a "Palestinian refugee" would have been significantly lower. In particular, Arabs who left Palestine-the Land of Israel in 1948 and who had families and homes in the Arab countries where they came from would have returned to their countries of origin and not be considered "Palestinian refugees."

**2.** These Arab residents of Palestine who fled their homes in 1948, and are bone fide refugees, should have settled and acclimatized in the countries where they found refuge a long time ago.

**3.** From these two points, you can imagine how many lives could have been saved. Potentially, the conflict between Israel and the Arab nations would now be history!



Anyone who wishes to learn more is welcome  
to read about it in:- <http://www.art-gallery-yona.com/demogra-eng.html>